5. The quadratic equation

$$2x^2 - 3x + 5 = 0$$

has roots α and β

Without solving the equation,

(a) write down the value of $(\alpha + \beta)$ and the value of $\alpha\beta$

(1)

(b) determine the value of

(i) $\alpha^2 + \beta^2$

(ii) $\alpha^3 + \beta^3$

(4)

(c) find a quadratic equation which has roots

$$(\alpha^3 - \beta) \text{ and } (\beta^3 - \alpha)$$

giving your answer in the form $px^2 + qx + r = 0$ where p, q and r are integers to be determined.

(5)

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Question 5 continued

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Question 5 continued

(Total for Question 5 is 10 marks)

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