4 **(a)** Find the first three terms, in ascending powers of x^2, in the expansion of $\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{3}x^2\right)^8$. Write your coefficients as rational numbers. [3]

(b) Find the coefficient of x^2 in the expansion of $\left(\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{3}x^2\right)^8\left(2x+\frac{1}{x}\right)^2$. [3]