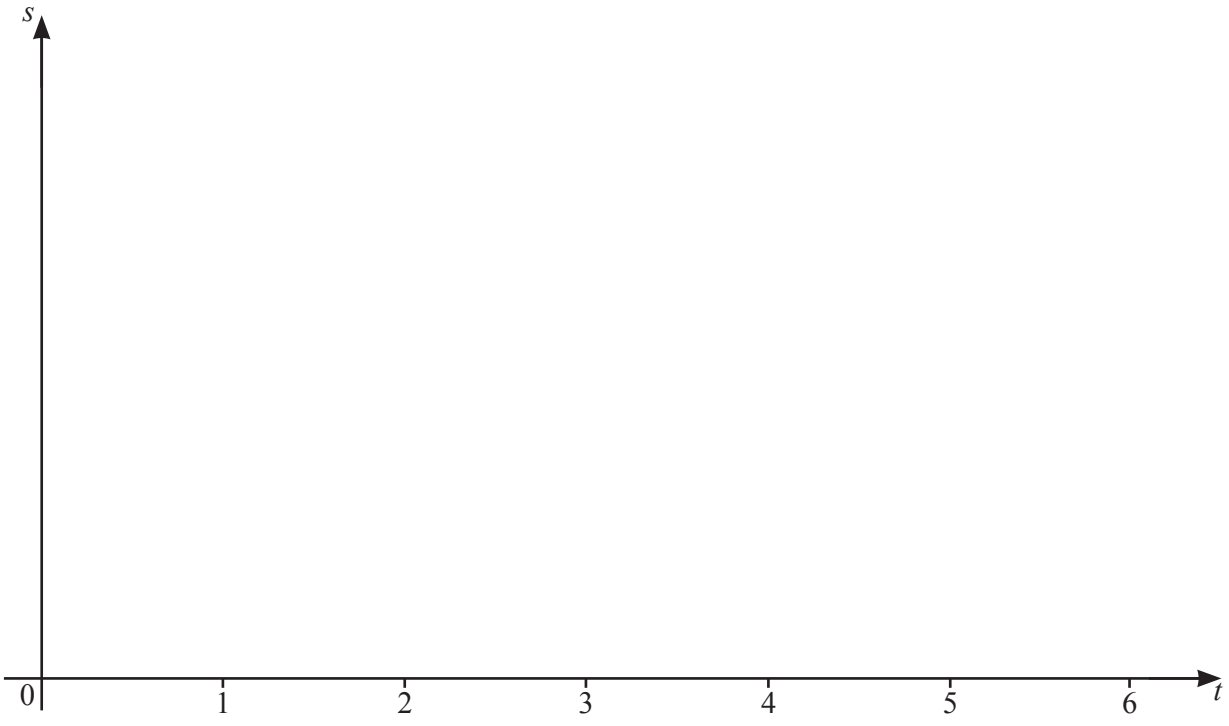
11 In this question all lengths are in kilometres and time is in hours.

A particle P moves in a straight line such that its displacement, s, from a fixed point at time t is given by $s = (t+2)(t-5)^2$, for $t \geqslant 0$.

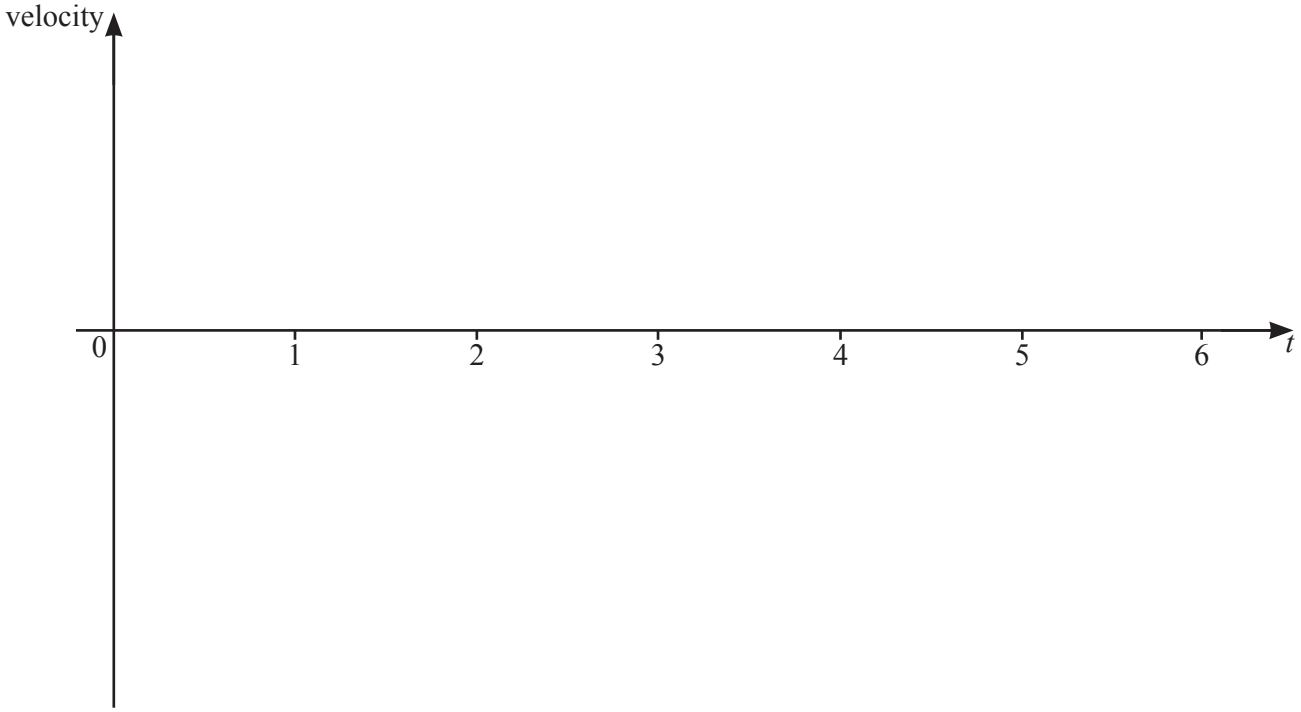
(a) Find the values of t for which the velocity of P is zero. [4]

(b) On the axes, draw the displacement–time graph for P for $0 \leqslant t \leqslant 6$, stating the coordinates of the points where the graph meets the coordinate axes. [2]



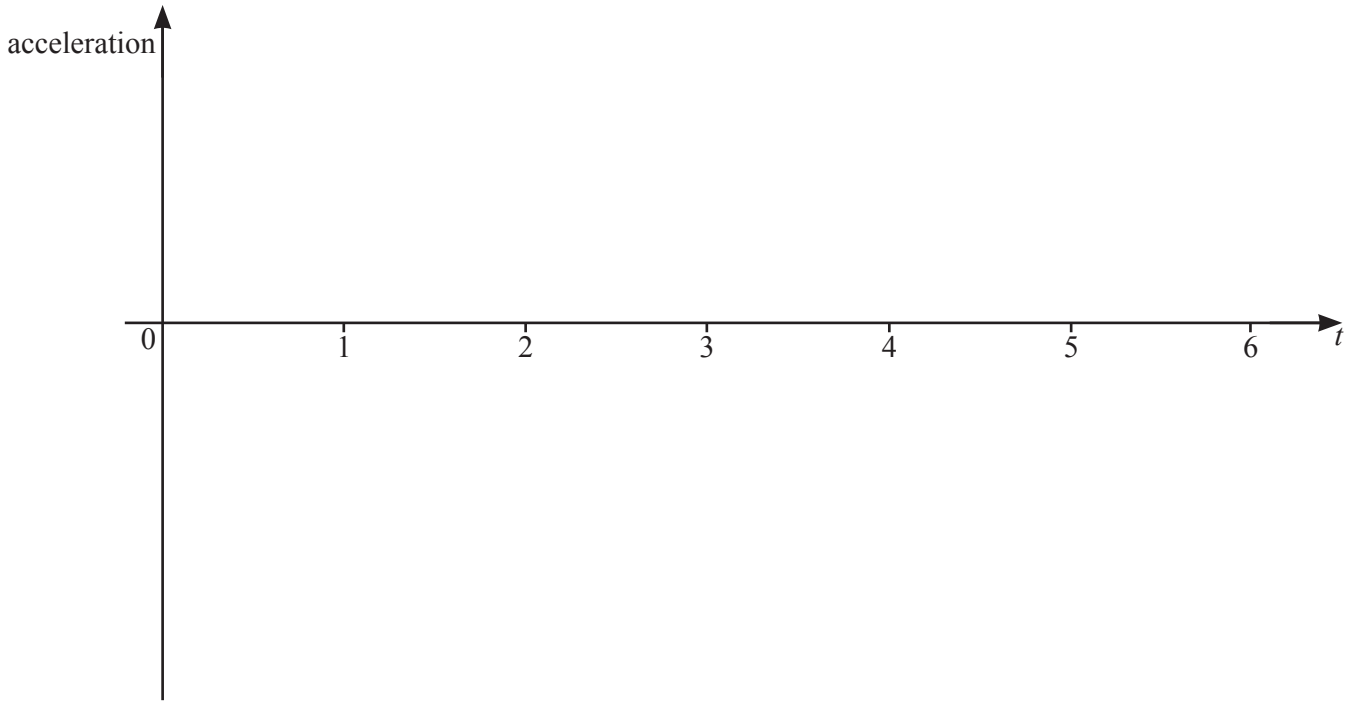
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(c) On the axes below, draw the velocity–time graph for P for $0 \leqslant t \leqslant 6$, stating the coordinates of the points where the graph meets the coordinate axes. [2]



(d) (i) Write down an expression for the acceleration of P at time t. [1]

(ii) Hence, on the axes below, draw the acceleration–time graph for P for $0 \leqslant t \leqslant 6$, stating the coordinates of the points where the graph meets the coordinate axes. [2]



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