23	eg $(x + 5)(5x - 12) = x(x + 12)$		5	M1	for setting up a correct equation
	eg $4x^2 + x - 60\ (= 0)$ oe allow $4x^2 + x = 60$			A1	for writing the correct quadratic expression in the form $ax^2 + bx + c(= 0)$ allow $ax^2 + bx = c$
	eg $(4x-15)(x+4)(=0)$ **or** $\frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1^2 - 4 \times 4 \times -60}}{2 \times 4}$ **or** $4\left[\left(x+\frac{1}{8}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^2\right] = 60$ oe			M1	(dep on M1) for a complete method to solve **their** 3-term quadratic (allow one sign error and some simplification – allow as far as $\frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+960}}{8}$) Allow + instead of ± in quadratic formula
	eg $(ADE =) \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{("3.75"+5)\sin(48)}{"3.75"+12}\right)$			M1	for a complete method for *ADE*. Allow use of $x = -4$ for this mark
	Correct answer scores full marks (unless from obvious incorrect working)	24.4		A1	accept 24.3 – 24.4
					Total 5 marks