18	eg $1000x = 306.306\ldots$ $x = 0.306\ldots$ OR eg $1000\,000x = 306\,306.(\ldots)$ $1000x = 306.306\ldots$		2	M1	M1 for two correct **algebraic equations** involving recurring decimals that when subtracted give a whole number or terminating decimal (306 or 306 000 etc) with intention to subtract. eg $1000x = 306.306...$ and $x = 0.306....$ **or** $1000\,000x = 306306.(\ldots)$ and $1000x = 306.306$ (if recurring dots not shown in both numbers then showing at least **one** of the numbers to at least 6sf)
	eg $1000x - x = 306.306.... - 0.306306.... = 306$ **and** $\frac{306}{999} = \frac{34}{111}$ or $999x = 306$ **and** $\frac{306}{999} = \frac{34}{111}$ OR eg $1000\,000x - 1000x = 306306.(\ldots) - 306.306 = 306\,000$ **and** $\frac{306\,000}{999\,000} = \frac{34}{111}$ or $999\,000x = 306\,000$ **and** $\frac{306\,000}{999\,000} = \frac{34}{111}$	shown		A1	for completion to $\frac{34}{111}$ dep on M1
	Working required				**Total 2 marks**