International GCSE Maths				
Values in quotation marks must come from a correct method previously seen unless clearly stated otherwise.				
Q	**Working**	**Answer**	**Mark**	**Notes**
1	eg $\frac{14}{5}$ and $\frac{24}{7}$ oe eg $\frac{98}{35}$ and $\frac{120}{35}$		3	M1 for $2\frac{4}{5}$ and $3\frac{3}{7}$ expressed as improper fractions
	eg $\frac{\cancel{14}^{2}}{5}\times\frac{24}{\cancel{7}^{1}}$ **OR** $\frac{336}{35}$ oe eg $\frac{11760}{1225}$			M1 correct cancelling or multiplication of numerators and denominators without cancelling NB: correct cancellation may be implied by subsequent working (eg $\frac{14}{5}\times\frac{24}{7}=\frac{2}{5}\times 24$) – the cancelled factor need not be explicitly crossed out and the resulting 1 may be omitted
	eg $\frac{\cancel{14}^{2}}{5}\times\frac{24}{\cancel{7}^{1}}=\frac{48}{5}=9\frac{3}{5}$ **or** $\frac{14}{5}\times\frac{24}{7}=\frac{336}{35}=\frac{48}{5}=9\frac{3}{5}$ **or** $\frac{14}{5}\times\frac{24}{7}=\frac{336}{35}=9\frac{21}{35}=9\frac{3}{5}$ **or** $\frac{98}{35}\times\frac{120}{35}=\frac{11760}{1225}=\frac{48}{5}=9\frac{3}{5}$ **or** for correct working to $\frac{48}{5}$ **and** writing $9\frac{3}{5}=\frac{48}{5}$ (may be earlier in working) *Working required*	shown		A1 dep on M2, for conclusion to $9\frac{3}{5}$ from correct working – either sight of the result of the multiplication eg $\frac{336}{35}$ oe must be seen **or** correct cancelling prior to the multiplication to $\frac{48}{5}$ NB: use of decimals scores no marks unless used as a check
				Total 3 marks